

Flipped classroom

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Introduction

This lesson is an example of **Flipped Classroom** where students are introduced to content at home, and practice working through it at school

Asynchronous learning (no real-time interaction; instead, content is available online for students to access when it best suits their needs)

Synchronous learning (online or distance education that happens in real time)

Teaching Method

In a common Flipped Classroom scenario, students might watch pre-recorded videos at home, read a text, listen to an audio etc. then come to school to do the homework armed with questions and at least some background knowledge



Preparation for the lesson titled Going places

Stages of the lesson	How?	When?	Tools
Instructions	Upload instructions and learning outcomes in the Channel.	2-3 days before the synchronous class	MS Teams
Audio material Check their knowledge - MS Forms for rating	Upoload audio material which will be used as a model for their role-plays on online class. Upload online quiz to check understanding of the phrases	2-3 days before the synchronous class	MS Teams- English language Channel MS Teams Forms for rating
Speaking assessment rubric	Upload rubric for assessing their speaking performance.		
Synchronous class	Warm up Main activities: Preparation and role-playing dialogues Wrap up: voting for the best performance	Synchronous class	Mentimeter.com MS Teams video call / MS Teams Breakout rooms
Feedback questionnaire/form	Send feedback questionnaire to get feedback from students about the class.	After the synchronous class	MS Teams rate forms

MS Forms quiz for post-listening task

Going places

Listen to Mark asking Sophie for advice about about what to take to France and answer the questions

Hi Denisa, when you submit this form, the owner will be able to see your name and email address.

Why does Sophie want Mark to remember his phone charger?.

Enter your answer

- 2. Tick the expressions that are used for giving advice
 - Can you do me a favour?
 - I (don't) think you should....

(don't) think you should....

Do you think I need

It's a good idea to...

← Back Computer Enter your answer 2. Tick the expressions that are used for giving advice Can you do me a favour? I (don't) think you should.... The best thing would be The first thing you should do is.... 3. Tick the expressions that are used for asking for advice O If i were you, i wouldn't.... O Do you think I need...?

Speaking assessment Rubric

Speaking assessment native					
Mark	Accuracy	Fluency	Interaction and collaboration	The achievement and appropriacy	
5	-uses wide range of structure and vocabulary (phrases for advice giving, asking, accepting, refusing) -errors minimal -excellent pronunciation	-coherent spoken interaction; good speed -few hesitations	-contributes fully and effectively through interaction (helps others to make dialogue flows without interruptions, support others)	-the language is appropriate to the task (phrases, responses, elaboration of ideas)	
4	- uses good range of structure and vocabulary (phrases for advice giving, asking, accepting, refusing) - a few minor errors which do not impede communication - minor difficulties with pronunciation	-occasional but noticeable hesitations which do not impede communication	- contributes with ease for the most of the interaction	-occasional and minor difficulties and inadequacy of language or execution	
3	-fairly frequent errors and restricted range of vocabulary or target structures, which do not prevent communication -difficulties in pronunciation repeated	-fairly frequent and noticeable hesitations -communication achieved but it can strain the listener	- contributes effectively for some of the interaction, but with difficulties in supporting others	-uses target phrases in a limited manner -the language is often inappropriate -redirection may be needed at times	
2	- frequent basic errors and limited range of vocabulary or target structures, which impede communication - heavy L1 pronunciation which impede communication	-disconnected speech and/or frequent hesitations	-does not contribute in maintaining interaction -may respond to a simple interaction obviously learn by heart	-uses very few target phrases with limited language -requires major redirection or assistance	
1	-errors and almost no structures and /or vocabulary -no attempt to produce structures, phrases, pronunciation	-no flow of speech at all -hesitations -in general, no speaking at all	-does not contribute at all in maintaining interaction -no response even to a simple interaction	-language inappropriate -no response to redirection or assistance	



Learning outcomes

By the end of this lesson, through given materials and activities, students should be able to:



Ask for, give and accept advice



communicate in everyday situations in a manner natural to the language and culture they learn about



Participate in conversation about past, present and future events based on the model presented

Stages of the lesson

Warm-up

Mentimeter



Wrap-up
Annotation tools

Main activities

Breakout rooms



Mentimeter

Go to www.menti.com and use the code 90 51 10 5

Have you been on a long journey? If yes, where?

germany switzerland france greece

> Warm-up **Mentimeter**



Mentimete

What things are the most important to bring when you go on a journey?



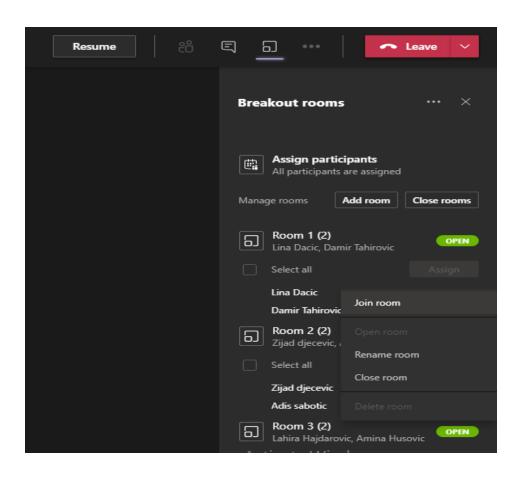
Main activity 1

Students are explained that they are going to be divided in pairs/groups (MS Teams Breakout rooms) and instructed to agree on 5 most important things to bring when going travelling.

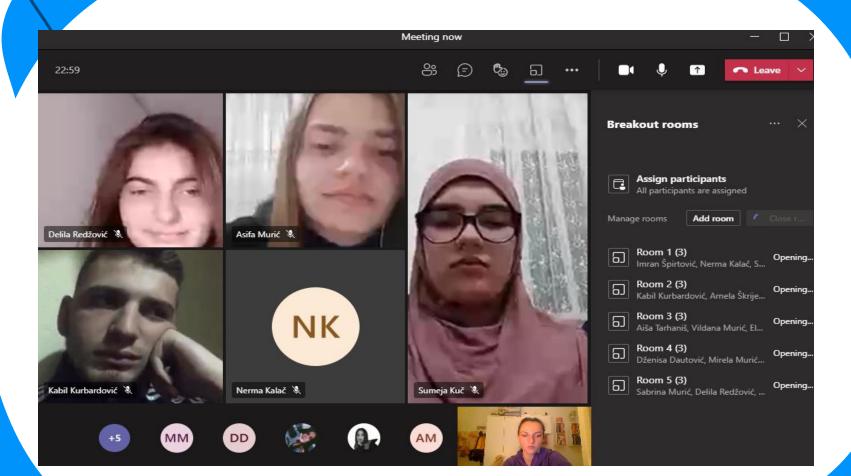
They can write their lists in the chat box, so that teacher can check it later on.

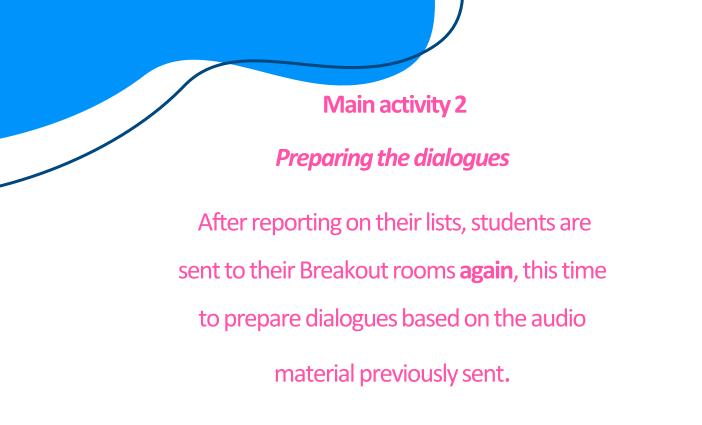
When students return to the main session, they report on their lists.

Creating Breakout rooms



Creating Breakout rooms





Reminder

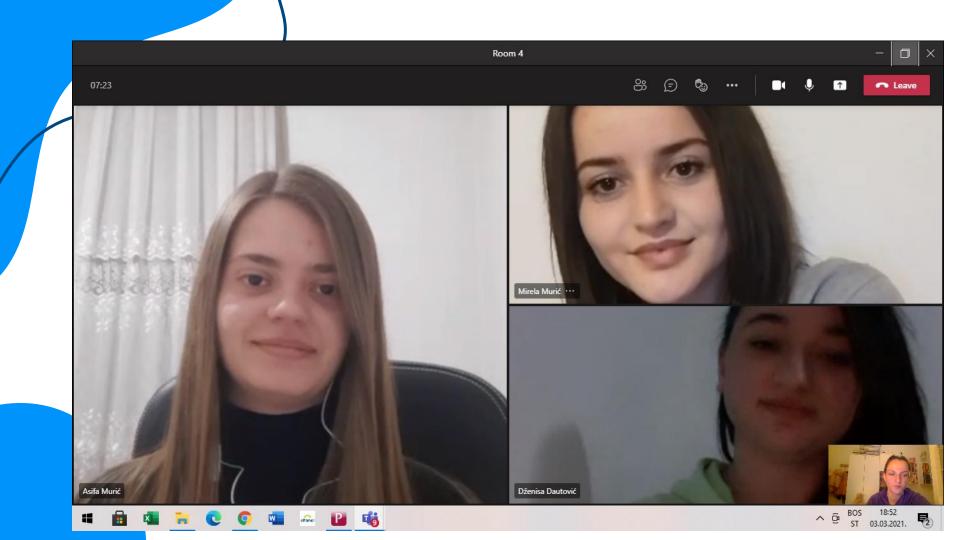
Instructions on tasks to be done were sent previously.

The task was to prepare a conversation on

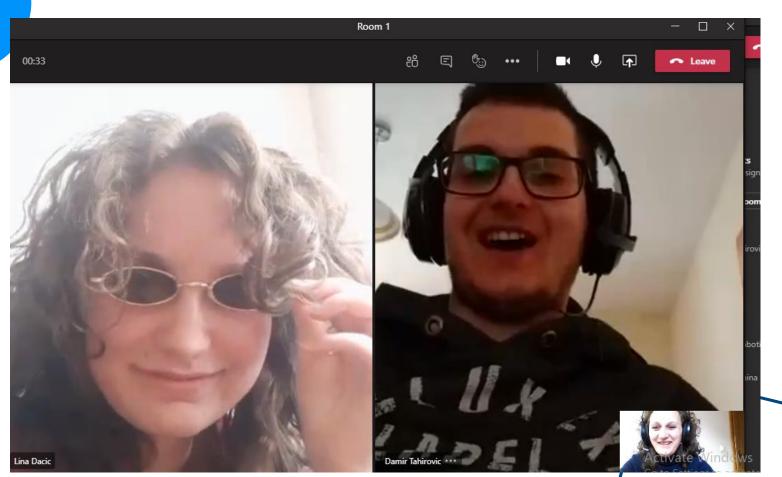
asking / accepting / giving advice based on the audio

conversation they listened to before the class.

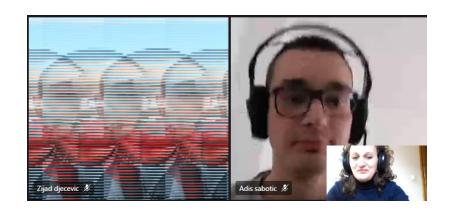
Joining Breakout rooms As students prepare dialogues in their groups, teacher "visits" them to monitor their work, provide help and additional information, if needed



Breakout rooms can be fun...

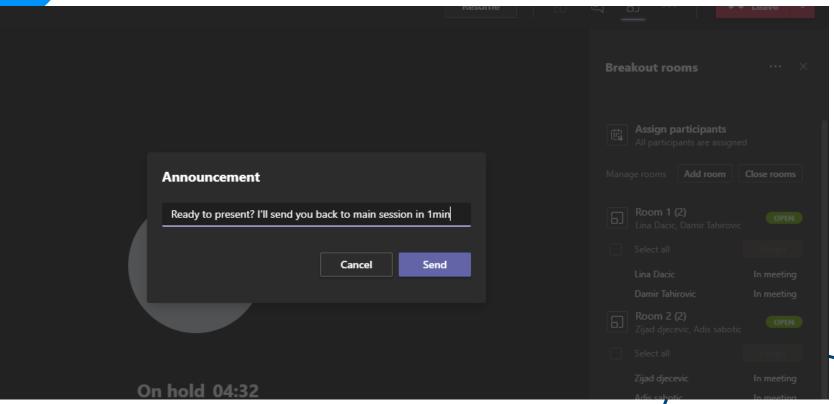


...cameras might be off, internet connection might be poor





Students are warned about returning to the main session through Important Announcements



Product of the lesson



When students get back to the main session, they roleplay their dialogues

Each group listens actively and assesses performance of other groups according to the rubrics sent previously

They note down remarks for every group member, so does the teacher

Wrap-up

After roleplaying the dialogues, the groups vote the best performing group by using annotation tools - raising hands



In the end teacher sends MS Forms for rating the class

Rating the class

1. How did you like the class???

Go back to thank you page



Applying flipped learning as a model of learning/teaching can be beneficial to both students and teachers.

Preparation for this kind of class is specific—since students are introduced to content at home and are given tasks to complete in order to understand the content before the actual class. When they come to the class, to a real classroom or virtual one, they already have some knowledge about the content.

That way, the whole class can be devoted to practising, applying, analysing and creating.

Teachers

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Thank you for your attention



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